# General Training Reading Sample 18



#### **Domestic travel**

Have you ever travelled to another part of your country and stayed for a few days? Travel within one's own country is popular throughout the world. And, according to a survey carried out in Australia in 2002, travellers are tending to spend more and more money on their holidays.

The Domestic Tourism Expenditure Survey showed that domestic travellers – those travelling within the country – injected \$23 billion into the Australian economy in 2002. As a result, domestic tourism became the mainstay of the industry, accounting for 75 per cent of total tourism expenditure in Australia. International tourism, on the other hand, added \$7 billion to the economy. Overall, in present dollar terms, Australians spent \$7 billion more on domestic tourism in 2002 than they did when the first survey of tourist spending was completed in 1991.

Thus, tourism has become one of Australia's largest industries. The combined tourist industry now accounts for about 5 per cent of the nation's gross domestic product, compared with agriculture at 4.3 per cent and manufacturing at 8 per cent. Tourism is therefore an important earner for both companies and individuals in a wide range of industries. For example, the transport industry benefits from the extra money poured into it. Hotels spring up in resort areas to provide accommodation, and the catering industry gains as tourists spend money in restaurants. The retail sector benefits as well, as many tourists use their holidays to shop for clothes, accessories and souvenirs.

In most countries, the land is divided into different political areas. Australia is divided into six states and two territories. Since people travel for different reasons, there are significant differences in the length of time people

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stay in different locations and in the amount they spend while there.

In 2002, Australian residents spent \$8.4 billion on day trips and almost twice that amount on trips involving at least one night away from home. In that year, a total of 45 million overnight trips were made in Australia. Of these, 14.9 million were spent in New South Wales, 10.3 million were spent in Queensland, and 9.2 million were spent in Victoria. Fewer nights were spent in the other states, with 3.7 million in South Australia, 1.5 million in Tasmania and 5 million in Western Australia. Despite the popularity of destinations such as Ayers Rock and Kakadu National Park, only 0.4 million overnight stays were recorded in the Northern Territory.

New South Wales, Queensland and Victoria attracted the greatest tourism revenue, with \$5.2 billion, \$5.1 billion and \$3.3 billion spent there respectively. The average expenditure for trips was \$395 per person, with accommodation the biggest expenditure, followed by meals and fuel. The survey also showed that costs were higher for inter-state travellers, who each spent an average of \$812 per trip compared with \$255 for those who travelled within one state. Trips to the Northern Territory were the most expensive, followed by Queensland, with South Australia and Victoria the least.

Comparing the costs of trips for different purposes, the survey found that business trips were the most expensive because they were more likely to involve stays in commercial accommodation. Trips taken for educational reasons – to visit universities, museums etc. – were also expensive, especially as they usually required inter-state plane tickets. Family holidays lay in the medium range, with transport and fares contributing to the cost, but adventure parks the major expense. But while visits to friends and relatives were the least expensive – due to lower accommodation, food and transport costs – these travellers spent most on shopping.

The survey also estimates that Australians made 253 million day trips in 2002, visiting parks, beaches and city attractions. The largest expenses were petrol costs (averaging \$10 per day trip), followed by meals, souvenirs and entry fees. Day trips tended to cost the most in the Northern Territory, while South Australia was the cheapest. Overall, the survey found that men travelling alone spent more than any tourist group. In particular, men spent more on transport and meals. Women travelling alone spent the most on clothes, while souvenirs were bought more often by families than by other tourists.

The challenge for the tourism industry now is to encourage Australians to continue spending money on travel and, if possible, to increase the amount they spend.

### **Questions 1-3**

Complete the table below.

Choose NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the text for each answer.

Write your answers in boxes **1-3** on your answer sheet.

# Industries that benefit from tourism

transpo	ort		
1	2.10		
1			
2			
3		1 2	
Questions 4-7			
Complete the sentences below		33"	
Choose NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the text for each answer.			
Write your answers in boxes 4-	<b>7</b> on your an <mark>s</mark> wer sheet		
4 The state or territory in which	the highest number of overnigh	t trips was made was	
5 The state or territory in which	the lowest number of overnight	trips was made was	
6 People travelling from state to	state spent more than those tr	avelling	
7 The TWO cheapest states or territories to travel to were			
Questions 8-11			
Complete the table below.			
Choose NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the text for each answer.			
· ·			
Write your answers in boxes 8-	11 on your answer sheet.		
Major Expense	s for different trips		
Purpose of trip	Major expense		
business	accommodation		

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education	8
family holiday	9
visiting relatives	10
day trips	11

## Questions 12 and 13

Complete the sentences below.

Choose NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the text for each answer.

Write your answers in boxes 12 and 13 on your answer sheet..

- 12 The category of people who spent the most on travel in Australia in 2002 were .....
- 13 The category who spent the most on souvenirs were ......

#### Answer:

accommodation / hotels
catering / restaurants
retail
New South Wales
(the) Northern
within one state
South Australia, Victoria
(inter-state) plane tickets
adventure parks
(petrol) costs
men (travelling/travelling alone)
families.