IELTS Academic Reading Sample 97 - Air Traffic Control in the USA

You should spend about 20 minutes on Questions 14-26 which are based on the reading passage 97 below

Question 14-19

Reading Passage 78 has seven paragraphs, A-G.

Choose the correct heading for paragraph A & C-G from the list below.

Write the correct number i-ix, in boxes 14- 19 on your answer sheet.

List of Headings:

- **Disobeying FAA Regulations**
- ii Aviation disaster prompts action
- Two coincidental developments
- **Setting Altitude Zones**
- An oversimplified view
- Controlling pilots' licence νi
- vii Defining airspace categories
- viii Setting rules to weather conditions
- **Taking of Safety**
- First step towards ATC

Example Answer Paragraph B 14. Paragraph A 15. Paragraph C

- 16. Paragraph D
- 17 Paragraph E
- 18. Paragraph F
- 19 Paragraph G

AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL IN THE USA

A naccident that occurred in the skies over the Grand Canyon in 1956 resulted in the establishment of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to regulate and oversee the operation of aircraft in the skies over the United States, which were becoming quite congested. The resulting structure of air traffic control has greatly increased the safety of flight in the United States, and similar air traffic control procedures are also in place

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over much of the rest of the world.

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F The FAA then recognised two types of operating environments. In good meteorological conditions, flying would be permitted under Visual Flight Rules (VFR), which suggests a strong reliance on visual cues to maintain an acceptable level of safety. Poor visibility necessitated a set of Instrumental Flight Rules (IFR), under which the pilot relied on altitude and navigational information provided by the plane's instrument panel to fly safely. On a clear day, a pilot in controlled airspace can choose a VFR or IFR flight plan, and the FAA

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regulations were devised in a way which accommodates both VFR and IFR operations in the same airspace. However, a pilot can only choose to fly IFR if they possess an instrument rating which is above and beyond the basic pilot's license that must also be held.

G Controlled airspace is divided into several different types, designated by letters of the alphabet.

Question 20-26

Do the following statements agrees with the given information of the reading passage? In boxes 20-26 on your answer sheet, write:

TRUE if the statement agrees with the information

FALSE if the statement contradicts the information

NOT GIVEN if there is no information on this

- 20. The FAA was created as a result of the introduction of the jet engine.
- 21. Air traffic control started after the Grand Canyon crash in 19 56.
- 22. Beacons and flashing lights are still used by the ATC today.
- 23. Some improvements were made in radio communication during World War II.
- 24. Class F airspace is airspace which is below 365m and not near airports.
- 25. All aircraft in class E airspace must use AFR.
- 26. A pilot entering class C airspace is flying over an average-sized city.

Answer:

14. ii 15. iii 16. v 17. iv 18. viii 19. vii 20. FALSE 21. FALSE 22. NOT GIVEN 23. TRUE 24. TRUE 25. FALSE 26. TRUE