Section One: Vocabulary

Read each statement below carefully and fill in the blank(s) with the best answer (1, 2, 3, 4)

1-	Many	African	people	are	forced	to	leave	their	countries	and
bec	come	bec	ause of f	ood s	shortages	•				

- 1) refugee
- 2) alien
- 3) settler
- 4) fugitive

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_	1110	ILCU	$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{L}}$	15 1110	 	. О1	UVUI	a u	nousana	$\mathbf{o}_{\mathbf{I}}$	11011	Species	٠.

- 1) habitat
- 2) nucleus
- 3) expertise
- 4) configuration
- 3- Palms, growing in hot climates, are one of the most...... planted tree families.
- 1) occasionally
- 2) widely
- 3) cautiously
- 4) barely
- 4- Mr. Johnson, the head the sales department, was forced to.......... at his forty because of his ill health.
- 1) work
- 2) labor
- 3) retire
- 4) participate
- 5- The President the importance of attracting foreign businessmen to the country.
- 1) emphasized
- 2) hated
- 3) recalled
- 4) appeared

6- What the teach	er said	Mary to study	harder.	
1) encouraged	2) develope	d 3) restric	eted 4) co	nfessed
7- Gold has been	highly valued fr	om earliest time	es because of	its beauty
and to	corrosion.			
1) resistance	2) flexibili	y 3) patient	ce 4) att	raction
8- It is a very strai	nge fact that frogs	v	vater through t	heir skins.
1) provide	2) absorb	3) inhale	4) dig	gest
<mark>9-</mark> One should n	never	the importance	e of family 1	ife in the
development of a	child.	50		
1) underestimate	2) capture	3) calcula	ate 4) foo	cus
10- Yesterday mo	rning, I found my	little bird lying o	quietly inside l	nis
1) cave	2) border	3) cage	4) territory	,
11 is sti	ll the most serious	crime in many	countries.	
1) Theft	2) War	3) Ignorance	4) Acciden	nt
12- All the runner	rs had completed t	he first stage of	the race when	a
rain started.				
1) complete	2) sudden	3) hasty	4) gradual	

13- In the future,	water supplies wil	1 be	for some coun	itries.
1) immediate	2) random	3) flooded	4) scarce	
14- There was no	t evidence to	prove that Jim ha	ıd done anythi	ng wrong.
1) flexible	2) plentiful	3) sufficient	4) different	
15- The more ski	lls you master, the	greater y	ou can make	to society.
1) affection	2) contribution	3) dedica	tion 4) de	votion
16- All the creatu	ures we share the l	Earth with are im	portant althou	ugh
they may appear.				
1) unbelievable	2) insignificant	3) unavail	able 4) inappı	opriate
		10		
		8		
		50		
17- They decided	l to build a library	in the school bec	ause they wan	ited all the
students to have.	to good sou	irces.		
1) access	2) influence	3) knowle	edge 4) inf	Formation
4	5			
18- It is known	that a 1	number of accid	ents are due	to human
carelessness.				
1) total	2) fortunate	3) signific	eant 4) sev	vere
. 9				
19- Although Uro	du is the la	inguage of Pakist	an, it is also w	idely used
in India.				
1) special	2) proper	3) official	4) ap	proved

20- About 70% c	of the Earth's	is covered by w	ater.
1) surrounding	2) environment	3) surface	4) horizon
21- John has bee	en a scho	larship because of	his success at the
university.			
1) obtained	2) offered	3) acquired	4) purchased
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	ther planets in the sola		a set
of characteristics	s ideally suited to support	orting life.	
1) unique	2) similar	3) universal	4) contrary
	4.5		
23- In today's w	orld, a lot of diseases.	consid	lered incurable in
the past are treate		Consideration Consideration	
1) equally	2) formerly	3) readily	1) gently
1) equally	2) formerry	3) readily	4) gentry
		C. 1 C	
	e are living in shelters	after days of intens	e rain that caused
damage.			
1) substantial	2) supplementary	3) inadequate	4) deficient
25- Hafez is one	e of the most	poets, and his	s poetry has been
translated into m	any languages.		
1) establishing	2) obscured	3) prominent	4) decisive

Section Two: Structure Part One

26- During the w	var, women took	on extra work	the men were at
the front.			
1) so that	2) as a result	3) as if	4) while
27	Mary was not	very rich, she gav	ve a lot of money to the
poor man.			
1) Because of	2) Although	3) Since	4) In spite of
		40	7
28- Seldom	been so	upset.)
1) our teacher		2) our teacher h	ad
3) could our teac	her have	4) has our teach	ner
		50	
		70	
	45 9		
29- I won't lend	you my car	you promis	e to drive carefully.
1) still	2) unless	3) so that	4) since
30	him do his scho	ol assignments mo	re carefully.
1) Tell	2) Allow	3) Make	4) Ask
31- Mr. Johnson	n the	e painting if he h	ad realized that wasn't
actually an origin	nal copy.		

1) wouldn't hav	e bought	2) won't have	e bought				
3) haven't boug	ht	4) haven't be	4) haven't been bought				
32	European expe	ert will be invited	to speak t	o the committee.			
1) An	2) A	3) Any	у	4) Only			
33- You haven'	t eaten the cake the	hat is made for Jo	ohn's birth	day,?			
1) have you	2) are yo	ou 3) didn	ı't you	4) haven't you			
34- Mary failed	the final exam	studyi	ng very ha	ard.			
1) owning to	2) due to	3) in sp	pite of	4) however			
35- What made	you	that letter?	9)				
1) to write	2) writin	ng 3) write	e	4) written			
36- Fortunately	, fr	om a bump on t	he head, J	John suffered no			
serious injuries	from his fall.						
1) apart	2) other	3) except	4) be	esides			
37- The author'	s latest novel	later thi	is month.				
1) had been pub	olished 2)	is going to public	sh				
3) will be publis	shed 4) being published					
38- John left ho	me early	he would get	to the stad	ium on time.			
1) therefore	2) in case	3) so that	4) u	nless			

39- The committee	e did not accept m	y proposal	they did not think		
t was practical.					
l) afterward	2) because	3) however	4) subsequently		
40- The summit ta	ılkss	imultaneously the	oughout the world.		
1) will broadcast		2) are broadcasti	ng		
3) broadcast		4) are to be broa	dcast		
41 John	Doe, writing free	verse is like playi	ng tennis without a net.		
1) According to	2) Compared to	3) Similar to	4) In addition to		
42- I	the teacher whe	n he told us wher	the paper was due.		
1) could misunder	estand	2) should be misunderstanding			
3) must have misu	inderstood	4) had better misunderstand			
	9				
43- We	every game ur	ntil our goalkeepe	r got injured.		
1) have been winn		2) used to win			
3) might be winni	_	4) must have won			
1		,			
44- The people wi	th	I shared a house v	when I was at university		
were all vegetaria	ns.				
1) which	2) those	3) them	4) whom		

45 to get u	p at: 4:00 every m	norning for a montl	n was the most difficult
part of our trip.			
1) We have	2) We had	3) Having to hav	e 4) Having
46- I wouldn't bu	y you a computer	I had	d the money.
1) event if	2) while	3) since	4) because
47- This time tom	orrow, Maryam	over the I	Persian Gulf on her way
to Tehran.			. 100
1) will be flying		2) will be flown	
3) could be flying	3	4) has been flow	1
48- We've been will not be easy.	giv <mark>en a list of boo</mark>	oks, but some are s	so rare that them
1) to find	2) finding	3) being found	4) to have found
49- I offered	my brother to	the bus station bec	ause he was in a hurry.
		3) to drive	
	vere cold there, b	ut the temperature	climbed into the 40's
the day.			
1) on	2) during	3) for	4) in
51- How long	in Tehra	an?	
1) since you lived	l	2) you are living	

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- 3) you should have lived
- 4) have you been living
- 52- Mary walked to the store, some groceries, and made a delicious dinner.
- 1) had bought
- 2) bought
- 3) she bought
- 4) was bought
- 53- They..... more pleased if you had told them the news yourself.
- 1) ought to be
- 2) had been
- 3) would have been 4) will be
- 54- Mr. Irani is an honest man, we can depend on him.
- 1) for

- 2) yet
- 3) or
- 4) so
- 55- I wish I..... a report on my project to the class every week.
- 1) didn't have to give

2) should not be given

3) won't give

4) must not be giving

Section Two: Structure, Part Two

56-

- 1) I cannot find my car keys nowhere.
- 2) We had the architect design this house for us.
- 3) My uncle helped me to find this job.
- 4) Did they invite you to go with them?

57-

- 1) The students gave the final exam yesterday.
- 2) Yesterday I worked very hard for several hours.
- 3) John answered all of the exam questions correctly.
- 4) Have you read any interesting books recently?

58-

- 1) All of the exam questions were easy.
- 2) No, I'm going to buy the book.
- 3) John always studies his lessons carefully.
- 4) Every morning I am going for a walk.

59-

- 1) Mary is in favor of writing long compositions.
- 2) Are you going to take the earliest train?

- 3) John talks English more fluently than Jim.
- 4) The little girl is afraid from the dog.

60-

- 1) If you get up early, try not to disturb everyone else.
- 2) It doesn't make any sense to get up so late.
- 3) Mary is used to get up very early.
- 4) You should get up early because you have a lot of work to do today.

61-

- 1) John looks older than Jim.
- 2) Did you understand the question?
- 3) Mary came late because of a car accident.
- 4) If he asked me, I would have stayed.

62-

- 1) Dr. Irani spent the rest of the day at home.
- 2) Is today's movie worth to watch?
- 3) That store is as far as the other one.
- 4) My favorite football team lost the game yesterday.

63-

- 1) It rained very heavily in March.
- 2) Jim had never worked before he left school.

- 3) These two boys have helping each other.
- 4) Maryam will, perhaps, change her mind.

64-

- 1) The new bridge was opened last month.
- 2) I was pleased to see my old teacher.
- 3) John asked me what I am doing.
- 4) Jim left the room and went downstairs.

65-

- 1) I'm sure you will get your Ph.D. degree next year.
- 2) Chinese is not easy to be learned.
- 3) We usually eat breakfast in the kitchen.
- 4) The class should begin now, but our teacher is not here yet.

Passage 1

Dolphins are regarded as the friendliest creatures in the sea. Stories of them that help drowning sailors have been common since Roman times. The more we learn about dolphins, the more we realize that their society is more complex than people have previously imagined. Dolphins **look after** other dolphins when they are ill, care for pregnant mothers, and protect the weakest in the community, as we do. Some scientists have suggested that dolphins have a language, but it is much more probable that they communicate with one another without needing words. Are dolphins more intelligent than man? Certainly the most common argument in favor of man's superiority over them is that man can kill them more easily than they can kill us; however, this argument is the least satisfactory. **On the contrary**, the more we discover about these remarkable creatures, the less we appear superior when we destroy them.

- 66- In line 10, On the contrary is closest in meaning to.........
- 1) haphazardly
- 2) likewise
- 3) conversely
- 4) accidently

- 67- It is clear from the passage that dolphins..........
- 1) are the most powerful creatures that live in the oceans
- 2) don't want to be with us as much as we want to be with them
- 3) are proven to be less intelligent than once thought
- 4) have a reputation for being friendly to humans
- 68- The fact that the writer of the passage thinks man can kill dolphins more easily than they can kill us...........
- 1) means that they are better adapted to their environment than we are
- 2) shows that dolphins have a very sophisticated form of communication
- 3) does not mean that we are superior to them
- 4) proves that dolphins have linguistic skills far beyond what we previously thought

- 69- One can understand from the passage that.....
- 1) communication is the most fascinating aspect of the dolphins
- 2) dolphins have skills that no other living creatures have, such as the ability to think
- 3) it is not usual for dolphins to communicate with one another
- 4) dolphins have some social traits that are similar to those of humans
- 70- In line 4, <u>look after</u> is the opposite of......
- 1) protect
- 2) guard
- 3) maintain
- 4) neglect

Passage 2

Modern scientific and technological developments in the practice of medicine and public health have drawn nursing into new and wider fields of activity, and its functions have been expanded accordingly. Therefore, nursing is no longer limited mainly to activities within the hospital or, to what is called, curative nursing. It has also become a community service in which preventive and rehabilitative functions are a **vital** part of its program. The modern concept of nursing considers the hospital, though central, as only one of many health agencies in the community.

- 71- According to the passage, the nurse's function has been expanded because of......
- 1) the progress in science and technology
- 2) the nurse's activities in the hospital
- 3) hospitals, which are the most common work environments for nurses
- 4) the unwillingness of nurses to work in the hospital

- 72- In line 5, <u>vital</u> is closest in meaning to.......
- 1) convenient
- 2) improper
- 3) satisfactory
- 4) essential
- 73- As we understand from the passage, today......
- 1) technological developments can't improve the quality of care that is delivered in hospital.
- 2) nursing care is not important to the capability of hospitals any more

- 3) most of the nursing practice now takes place in people's homes
- 4) hospitals are not the only place where people receive medical care or support
- 74- We can understand from the passage that
- 1) nursing shortage has had significant consequences during the past few years
- 2) hospitals are still the most important component of the healthcare sector
- 3) hospitals are the only places where nursing care is needed
- 4) nurses don't regard hospitals as important units in the community health program

Passage 3

When early humans hunted and gathered food, they were not in control of their environment. They could only interact with their surroundings as lower organisms did. When humans learned to make fire, however, they became capable of altering **their** environment. To provide themselves with fuel, they stripped bark from trees, causing the trees to die. Clearings were burned in forests to increase the growth of grass and to provide a greater grazing area for the wild animals that humans fed upon. This development led to farming and the domestication of animals. Fire also provided the means for cooking plants which had previously been **inedible**. Only when the process of meeting the basic need for food reached a certain level of sophistication

was it possible for humans to follow other pursuits, such as the **founding** of cities.

- 75- In line 8, <u>inedible</u> is closest in meaning to......
- 1) not fit for cooking

- 2) not appropriate for farming
- 3) not suitable for eating
- 4) not proper for grazing
- 76- In line 10, founding is closest in meaning to...........
- 1) developing
- 2) fostering
- 3) expanding
- 4) establishing
- 77- This passage is mainly concerned with......
- 1) basic food- gathering techniques of early humans
- 2) how people supplied themselves with food prior to the discovery of how to make fire
- 3) the evolution of farming techniques
- 4) how the discovery of fire changed the development of mankind

- 78- One can understand from the passage that the discovery of how to make fire......
- 1) made easier for early humans to gather food
- 2) increased food options for early humans
- 3) improved the hunting skills of early humans
- 4) caused early humans to interact with their surroundings as lower organisms did

- 79- According to the passage, early humans.......
- 1) gained better control of their environment when they learned to live with lower organisms
- 2) started to maintain their food supply by hunting when they started cooking with fire
- 3) didn't eat plants after they learned how to control fire
- 4) used fire as a tool to change their surroundings
- 80- In line 3, their refers to........
- 1) humans
- 2) organisms
- 3) trees
- 4) surroundings

Passage 4

People have wondered for a long time how their personalities and behaviors are formed. Two distinct schools of thought on the matter have developed. The two approaches are very different from each other. The controversy is often referred to as nature and nurture. Those who support the nature side of the conflict believe that our personalities and behavior patterns are largely determined by biological and genetic factors. That our environment has little to do with our abilities, characteristics, and behavior is central to this theory.

Proponents of the nurture theory claim that our environment is more important than our biologically-based instinct in determining how we will act. They see humans as beings whose behavior is almost completely shaped by their surroundings. Neither of these theories can yet fully explain human

behavior. In fact, it is quite likely that the key to our behavior lies somewhere between these two extremes. That the controversy will continue for a long time is certain.

- 81- In line 7, Proponents is closest in meaning to......
- 1) Critics
- 2) Opponents
- 3) Activists
- 4) Advocates
- 82- A good title for this passage is........
- 1) nature and nurture theories
- 2) biologically- based origin of human behavior
- 3) environmental issues
- 4) human behavior and personality

- 83- One can understand from the passage that supporters of the nature theory believe that
- 1) environment is important in determining a person's behavior and personality
- 2) biological reasons have a strong influence on how we act
- 3) a person's personality has little effect on his actions
- 4) it is impossible to explain why people possess certain characteristics
- 84- On point made by the writer in the passage is that......
- 1) environment is the most important factor in determining personality

- 2) the correct explanation of human behavior will probably take ideas from both theories
- 3) the nurture theory correctly explains people act
- 4) genetic tendencies are more important than the environment in human development
- 85- According to the nurture theory,......
- 1) a trait is always shaped by both genetic tendencies and the environment
- 2) it is possible to measure the development of a trait within a population
- 3) human behavior can be predicted based on the knowledge of genetics
- 4) a person's character is greatly influenced by his environment

Cloze Passage

Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with the most appropriate choice.

When you first arrive in a foreign country, your(86)...... reaction is often completely positive. Everything(87)..... exciting, different, and fascinating. It's(88)...... adventure. If you're just on a short holiday, you'll probably never(89)...... this phase, but if you stay longer , your(90)..... toward the new environment(91)..... to change. As soon as you begin to realize how little you understand the new culture,(92)...... can get frustrating. People misunderstand what you're trying to say, or they may(93)...... laugh you for saying something incorrectly. Even simple things can seem(94)...... difficult, and you are likely to overreact by getting angry

or(95)..... when thing go wrong. With time, though, you start to(96)....., to become more comfortable with the....(97)..... and better able to handle frustrating and embarrassing(98)..... You sense of humor reappears(99)....., you reach the stage of feeling able to be enthusiastic about the culture(100)....., probably enjoy it, and maybe even like certain aspects of it.

4) last 86-1) prior 3) initial 2) previous 87-1) considers 2) regards as 3) thinks 4) seems 88- 1) the most 2) kind of 3) another 4) an 89-1) stay 2) leave 3) face 4) survive 90-1) personality 2) manner 3) feature 4) attitude 91-1) has stated 3) can start 2) would have started 4) starting 92-1) approach 3) happiness 4) motivation 2) life 93-1) however 2) despite 3) even 4) because 94- 1) rarely 3) impossibly 2) orderly 4) systematically 95- 1) pleased 2) upset 3) helpful 4) cooperative 96-1) adjust 2) respect 3) maintain 4) admire 97-1) happenings 2) differences 3) lives 4) hopes 98-1) situations 2) cultures 4) point 3) areas 99-1) Finally 2) So that 3) However 4) Seldom 100-1) surely 2) second time 3) repeatedly 4) once again

