كُـد كنترل

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اگر دانشگاه اصلاح شود مملکت اصلاح می شود. امام خمینی (وة)

**W** 

جمهوری اسلامی ایران روارت طاوم، محقیدات و فاوری سازمان مسجتی آموزش کشور

صبح شنیسه ۱۴۰۱/-۴/۱۱ دفترچه شماره ۲

> **آزمون سراسری ورودی دانشگاهها و مؤسسات آموزش عالی کشور سال 1401**

> > گروه آزمایشی زبانهای خارجی آزمون اختصاصی

زمان پاسخ کویی	تاشماره	از شماره	تعداد سؤال	مواد امتحانی	رديف
۱۰۵ دقیقه	14.	199	٧.	زیان انگلیسی (اختصاصی)	ř

حق چاپ: تکثیر و انتشار سوالات به هر روش ( الکتروتیکی و ...) پس از برگزاری آرمون: برای تمامی اشخاص حقیقی و حقوقی تنها با مجوز این سازمان مجاز میرباشد و با متخلفین برابر مقررات رفتار می شود.

داوطلب گرامی، عدم درج مشخصات و امضاء در مندرجات جدول ذیل، به منزله عدم حضور شما در جلسه آزمون است.

اینجانب......با شماره داوطلبی مندرج در بالای کارت ورود به جلسه، بالای پاسخنامه و دفترچهٔ سؤالات، نوع و کدکنترل درج شده بر روی دفترچهٔ سؤالات، نوع و کدکنترل درج شده بر روی دفترچهٔ سؤالات و پائین پاسخنامه ام را تأیید مینمایم.

امضاء:

#### Part A: Grammar

Directions: Questions 101-110 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases marked (1), (2), (3), and (4). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

***					
	tching several episodes on without a break.	of her favorite comed	y in a row. She		
1) watches	Oil Withbull & Divant	2) used to watch			
3) is watching		4) has been watch	ing		
	in the library doing		a book which contained		
	or had written to his son				
1) found		2) had found			
A SECTION AND ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT	3) had been finding		4) was finding		
		een developed by the Eskimos, to meet			
specific needs.					
1) both construc	eting	2) each constructe	×d.		
3) which is con-	structed	4) who construct			
104- I've gained a lo	t of valuable experience	in the classroom this	year. I now feel I'm a much		
better teacher th	han qualific	d a year ago.			
1) I was	2) me when	<ol><li>when was I</li></ol>	•		
	or the delay	. to you, and for any i	nconvenience this may have		
caused.		2) that not more by	iomona.		
A. C.	your luggage got     in getting your luggage		that got your luggage     of your getting luggage		
10000	The state of the s				
1) only I missed	85 100	or it to wait as I ran along the sidewalk.  2) wanting to miss			
3) to want to mi		4) only was I missing			
D101000 110100 110100 110100		erned about your family's nutrition. Health is a top			
priority,			A		
1) and so	2) then it	3) but neither	4) no matter		
	3.5.1	(C)	, the neighbors		
the police.			* **		
1) had called	2) had to call	3) would call	4) would have called		
09- Whatever happe	ened that day was our s	ecret. We didn't even te	ell our parents what		
1) we do	2) did we do	3) we had done	4) had we done		
10- Instead of tooth	, the blue whale has a re	ow of bony plates in its	mouth that		
<ol> <li>functions as a</li> </ol>	a food-collecting device	•			
2) are a food-co	llecting device function	ń			
3) has the funct	ion of food-collecting d	levice			
4) food-collecti	ng is the function of the	at device			

# Part B: Vocabulary

Directions: Questions 111-125 are incomplete sentences. Beneath each sentence you will see four words or phrases marked (1), (2), (3), and (4). Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

111-	After hours of	discussion, we	had got nowhere, so w	e all went home.		
	1) total	2) instant	3) heated	4) well-known		
112-	Conceived as a con	nmunity which would	i be safe for children	, the city of Redburn was		
	intentionally design	ed so that the	would not require	automobiles.		
			3) pedestrians			
113-	estate market.		77/	for dominance in the real		
		- Taker the second of the seco	3) competition	The state of the s		
114-	are not completely s	ure that he did it.		loing something when you		
			3) justify			
115-	it really didn't	our expectatio	ns.	nt, we were so excited, but		
48048	1) cling to	2) come up to	3) hold out	4) fail to meet		
116-	person.			rt to find the		
10 CW 2 10 2	211		<ol><li>identical</li></ol>	The state of the s		
117-	The state of the s			ver heard of, I bought it		
	Control of the Contro	of the ms				
		PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS	<ol><li>reputation</li></ol>			
118-	were, ti	us became more diffic	ult with farming.	where when the resources		
200000	1) exhausted	2) impressed	<ol><li>incorporated</li></ol>	4) occurred		
119-	while the parents ar	e at work.	.57.5 =	nd look after the two kids		
	1) supper		<ol><li>confirmation</li></ol>			
120-	disregard for facts.		A STATE OF THE STA	by newscaster Bedford's		
	1) surmounted	2) undertaken	<ol><li>overestimated</li></ol>	4) exemplified		
121-			armed forces, as many			
	1) gladly		<ol><li>mistakenly</li></ol>	[4-10] [4		
122-	It is not an easy book to read, but it is extremely interesting. It's well worth putting in the effort to understand it.					
20000	1) futile	2) extra	dramatic			
123-		seven years will be ve		will tell you this much, if it		
	1) reveal	2) decline	<ol><li>derive</li></ol>	4) generate		
124-	The 17th century m after Eliot's 1921 crit		h as Donne and Marv	ell, rose to new		
	1) praise	<ol><li>prominence</li></ol>	<ol><li>sustenance</li></ol>	4) compliment		
125-	1,77	whether the CEO current form, with th		nvestment practices were		
	1) separate	2) consistent		4) challenging		

#### Part C: Sentence Structure

Directions: Choose the sentence with the best word order for each of the following series. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

#### 126-

- 1) He had made no comment on whether a decision reached them.
- He had made no comment on whether a decision was reached.
- 3) He made no comment on whether a decision had been reached.
- 4) He made no comment on whether a decision reached them or not.

#### 127-

- After doing 25 years of research in the field, the doctor's hunch of the new medicine being successful.
- Based on 25 years of research in the field, the doctor had a hunch that the new medicine would be successful.
- Depending on 25 years of research in the field, the doctor's hunch was that the new medicine would be successful.
- 4) According on 25 years of doing research in the field, the doctor had a hunch that the new medicine is successful.

#### 128-

- 1) The "Evening Star" is not a star but the planet Venus.
- 2) The "Evening Star" is not a star, but is the planet Venus.
- 3) The "Evening Star" is not a star but also the planet Venus.
- 4) The "Evening Star" is not a star but it also is the planet Venus.

#### 129-

- If eggs rest against the wooden bottom in extremely cold weather conditions, they can become chilled to a point that the embryo can no longer surviving.
- If eggs would rest against the wooden bottom in extremely cold weather conditions, they became chilled to a point where the embryo could no longer survive.
- 3) If eggs rest against the wooden bottom in extremely cold weather conditions, they can become chilled to a point where the embryo can no longer survive.
- 4) If eggs would rest against the wooden bottom in extremely cold weather conditions, they became chilled to a point that the embryo could no longer be surviving.

#### 130-

- 1) The environmentalist showed his slides of the retreat of Arctic glaciers, he expressed his fear for polar bears that are losing a large percentage of their natural habitat.
- The environmentalist showed his slides of the retreat of Arctic glaciers expressing his fear of polar bears who are losing a large percentage of their natural habitat.
- 3) The environmentalist showed his slides of the retreat of Arctic glaciers and expressed his fear of polar bears, losing a large percentage of their natural habitat.
- 4) After the environmentalist showed his slides of the retreat of Arctic glaciers, he expressed his fear for polar bears, which are losing a large percentage of their natural habitat.

#### Part D: Language Functions

Directions: Read the following conversations between two people and choose the answer choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) that best completes the blank in the conversations. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

- A: Do you think I could use your computer to type my research paper?
- B: If you don't ...... (131) waiting a couple of hours.
- 131- 1) try
- 2) mind
- 3) go easy on
- 4) take part in

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1-		do you want to catch a		-	
araaraa ii	The state of the s	ıys (132) a		State to California Control Control	
132-	1) up for	2) up to	3) down on	4) down at	
	B: Well, we'll do	ust arrived on the fligh our best to itcase is lost	. (133) your bag as qui		
	The state of the s	ly turns up, so let's	The second of th		
		the creek now. It		mind how you can just lose	
133-	1) call down	2) drop in	3) back up	4) track down	
134-	1) for good	2) on thin ice	<ol><li>in the wind</li></ol>	4) out of the blue	
	1) take a rain che	:ck	2) add insult to in		
	3) take it with a g		4) cross that bridge when we come to it		
136-	1) hovers	2) shames	3) boggles	4) shoots	
	B: I used to be in A: I used to work B: Yes, that's right	sales there. I left about at Comtak Internation ht. It's	t a year ago. nal. You sold us our in 8)!	6	
137-	1) rings a bell		2) spills the bean	S	
	3) misses the boa	it	4) leaves no stone	e unturned	
138-	1) fit as fiddle		2) a small world		
	3) on cloud nine		4) a rule of thum	b	
	B: Not exactly, th	on the day we wanted	(139) and we'r	re not sure if our families can v soon and we'll let you know	
130.	1) air	2) sky	3) cliff	4) windmill	
The state of the s	1) show it	2) turn in	3) make it	4) tag along	

Part E: Cloze Test

Directions: Read the following passage and decide which choice (1), (2), (3), or (4) best fits each space. Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

ASBOs, or Anti-Social Behavior Orders, were first implemented in England and Wales.
They are civil orders
They were introduced
(143) behaviors not normally considered criminal offences. Actions such as
(144), disturbing the peace, racial intimidation or begging make one eligible for an ASBO. If
the court approves the order, they can then (145) various restrictions on the
individual's actions or (146) their movement in certain places and
neighborhoods.
While the creation of ASBOs was for the greater goal of social harmony,
(147) criticism about their open-ended nature. ASBOs are
(148) for at least two years, but can be imposed indefinitely, depending on
the magistrate. A (149) of any of the restrictions listed in an ASBO can
result in
(151) totally effective. ASBOs often target people who would be better
served by mental health services or counseling,
have been a few neighborhoods in England where the ASBO system may have helped
with (153) of life issues.

141- 1) given	2) giving	3) that give	4) are giving	
142- 1) efforts as	2) by effort that	3) as an effort to	4) efforts so as to	
143- 1) which target	2) were targeted	3) by targeting	4) targeted	
144- 1) demeanor	2) vandalism	3) chaos	4) modification	
145- 1) endorse	2) populate	3) impose	4) resolve	
146- 1) at	2) by	3) in	4) on	
147- 1) it is	2) this has	3) but there is	4) there has been	
148- 1) in a pickle	2) inside out	3) in effect	4) out of sorts	
149- 1) mission	2) violation	3) supervision	4) intervention	
150-1) years of prison	time	prison years of time     time of prison years		
3) years of time pr	rison			
151- 1) so	2) to be	3) can be	4) by being	
152- 1) instead	2) by means of	3) however	4) rather than	
153- 1) error	2) truth	3) quality	4) insult	
154- 1) if	2) not	3) what	4) maybe	
155- 1) If there are	2) Were there any	3) Even if	4) If they offered	

## Part F: Reading Comprehension

Directions: In this part of the test, you will read two passages. Each passage is followed by some questions. Answer the questions by choosing the best choice (1), (2), (3), or (4). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

#### Passage 1:

Unclear, overly complex, or specialized language use can impede communication in a variety of societal contexts. It can limit accessibility to critically important government programs through cumbersome, confusing applications for public benefits. It can hinder the public's comprehension of healthcare communications and legally binding agreements. Within public school systems, dense or difficult to parse language can prevent stakeholders, including parents and caregivers, from understanding services they are entitled to, regulations affecting them or their children, and other types of important information. In those contexts, unduly complex language can be intimidating and unwelcoming and thus can operate as a gatekeeping measure.

Complex and specialized language is often seen as an immutable discourse feature of a particular register or discipline. Believing this leads to user-deficient thinking—if a user cannot understand the communication, that indicates a deficiency in the user, not the communication. The burden is on the user to find a way to understanding, which sometimes requires hiring someone with specialized knowledge to interpret the communication and guide the user through the process. The assumption that certain registers of language are inherently confusing is easily exploited when language is used to intentionally obfuscate meaning. This is particularly true of language used in ballot measures and consumer disclosures regarding cancellation and renewal policies.

Within the educational context there are policies and regulations that schools are required to communicate to stakeholders. Often, these informational disclosures contain specialized language and structures common in legal writing that can be difficult to understand without specialized knowledge. Considering the number of stakeholders within the school system who speak languages other than English, these communications can be even less comprehensible. While many schools translate these documents into multiple languages, they typically remain as complex and specialized. Communication can be clear and accessible regardless of the register or genre. It should be intelligible, relevant, and usable without requiring specialized knowledge or training. In this sense, plain language is a civil right.

#### 156- Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- 1) Plain Language is a Civil Right
- On the Benefits of Specialized Language
- 3) What Type of Language is Difficult to Parse?
- 4) In What Social Contexts is Complex Language Appropriate?

# 157- According to paragraph 1, cumbersome and confusing applications for public benefits

- 1) are critically important to the government
- 2) are essential screening tools for the government
- 3) make it difficult for people to use important government programs
- 4) can limit access of people who do not actually need them

# 

- 1) inspiring
- 2) intolerable
- 3) frightening
- 4) unattainable

## 159- According to paragraph 2, what leads to user-deficient thinking?

- 1) Believing that users can learn the specialized language of any discipline
- 2) The failure to see the immutable discourse of a particular register or discipline
- The idea that complex or specialized language should be avoided in any register or discipline
- 4) Thinking that complex and specialized language is an essential part of a specific register or discipline

# 160- Which of the following best describes the attitude of the author toward the burden being on the user to find a way to understanding?

- 1) Neutral
- 2) Critical
- 3) Approving
- Sympathetic

# 161- Why does the author mention "language used in ballot measures and consumer disclosures" in paragraph 2?

- 1) To prepare readers for the next paragraph
- 2) To mention situations in which language must be precise
- To exemplify where language may be deliberately confusing
- 4) To argue that most cancellation and renewal policies are flawed

## 162- According to paragraph 3, translation of school documents into multiple languages ........

- 1) has been one of the few positive changes in recent years
- has not been very effective in making them more comprehensible
- 3) should not be considered as part of the stakeholders' responsibility
- 4) was necessary as many stakeholders within the school system were foreigners

# 163- The author of the passage is primarily ......

- 1) providing arguments in favor of more linguistic diversity
- 2) providing solutions for the language barriers mentioned in the passage
- 3) analyzing the social contexts that require complex and specialized language
- 4) expressing criticism about the specialized language used in public-facing communication

#### Passage 2:

Ask bacteria where they'd like to live, and they'll answer: a kitchen sponge, please. Sponges are microbe paradises, capable of housing 54 billion bacteria per cubic centimeter. In addition to being damp, airy and loaded with food scraps, sponges provide an optimal physical environment for bacteria, researchers report February 10 in Nature Chemical Biology.

Just like humans, bacteria prefer different levels of interactions with their peers. Some bacteria are more social, while others prefer solitude. Lingchong You, a synthetic biologist at Duke University, and colleagues wondered how separating different types of microbes would affect their community interactions. They found that intermediate levels of separation, similar to that found in a sponge, maximize the diversity of the

community.

The researchers distributed different strains of E. coli onto plates with anywhere from six to 1,536 wells, which functioned as isolated compartments. After 30 hours, the team examined the number and types of bacterial strains on each plate. Each compartment is like a party to which the bacteria were randomly assigned, You says. With only six compartments, each party probably has a similar mix of characters, and only the social bacteria survive. With 1,536 compartments, each microbe is probably alone, and the social bacteria die. But an intermediate number of compartments maximizes the odds that a microbe attends the party it prefers. An antisocial microbe might die at a party that's dominated by socializers, but another antisocial microbe might wind up at a chill gathering and survive. Biodiversity is preserved. "In retrospect, it's very, very intuitive," You says. "What we have identified is a principle that's universally applicable for any microbial communities."

Fortunately, the bacteria partying in your sponge are mostly nonpathogenic. But if dangerous bacteria — like Salmonella from raw chicken — do show up, the sponge's optimal structure will probably help them survive. The good news is that it's easy to solve the problem. Brushes are a much safer alternative. And if you love your sponge, don't use it for meat juices. No need to invite bad bacteria to the party.

provide a great physical environment for bacteria
 can each host a maximum of 54 billion bacteria

3) have remnants of food

4) are wet

165- The word "their" in paragraph 2 refers to ..............

1) bacteria 2) levels 3) humans 4) interactions

3) are separated according to their types 4

have a lot of space for interaction
 have intermediate levels of separation

167- What is the primary function of paragraph 3?
1) Illustrating different strains of E. coli

Proving an example of a sponge that houses bacteria
 Explaining how research is conducted on bacterial strains

4) Describing the study carried out by You and colleagues

the largest gatherings take place
 only the social bacteria stay alive
 the social bacteria cannot survive

4) antisocial microbes have a better chance of survival

1) do not lead to disease
2) die in a couple of minutes
3) do not reproduce themselves
4) contain bacteria like Salmonella

170- If can be inferred from paragraph 4 that meaf juices ......

1) should not be consumed at parties
2) remain in the little holes of sponges

3) are more likely to have pathogenic bacteria

4) are not effectively cleaned by sponges