

Section One: Vocabulary

Read each statement below carefully and fill in the blank(s) with the best answer (1, 2, 3, 4)

1. It is very important not to of the main point of the story.

- 1) forget 2) lose sight 3) understand 4) find out

2. Mr. Johnson didn't write the report himself. He it with his colleague.

- 1) authorized 2) co-authored 3) cooperated 4) assessed

3. Since the hotel can up to two hundred guests, our manager wants to hold the yearly meeting there.

- 1) explore 2) participate 3) accommodate 4) visit

4. I am about accepting your research proposal.

- 1) wondered 2) forgetful 3) selfish 4) hesitant

5. John could finally his sister Mary to lend him her new car.

- 1) promise 2) decide 3) persuade 4) obey

6. Thousands of animal species around the globe are with extinction today.

- 1) welcomed 2) threatened 3) received 4) accepted

7. It was possible that many more passengers could have, but the ship didn't have enough lifeboats.

- 1) lost 2) vanished 3) expected 4) survived

8. Ever since they were first introduced to the public, cars have been an part of people's lives.

- 1) enduring 2) approximate 3) indispensable 4) endless

9. The reason for the explosion in the factory was that flames the pipes and ignited the leaking gas.

- 1) melted 2) returned 3) applied 4) injured

10. School teachers usually have a limited amount of time to with each child.

- 1) entertain 2) waste 3) amuse 4) interact

11. We must have supply of food before we start our journey.

- 1) an abundant 2) an amount 3) a total 4) a measurable

12. Mr. Johnson is of the sales department of our company.

- 1) an authority 2) in charge 3) in control 4) a guide

13. John's business is He has to hire two more people.

- 1) raising 2) slowing down 3) growing 4) looking ahead

14. I've always wanted to a career in language teaching.

- 1) maintain 2) pursue 3) hold 4) manage

15. It is very hard to against big and established companies.

- 1) compete 2) insure 3) exchange 4) complement

16. These unimportant issues may the completion of our project.

- 1) address 2) increase 3) jeopardize 4) reveal

17. Our teacher Mr. Smith has a positive toward all of his students.

- 1) sense 2) attention 3) look 4) attitude

18. Some plant species a warm and humid environment to grow well.

- 1) require 2) determine 3) forbid 4) make

19. My brother never gives me any on the work I do.

- 1) feedback 2) recommendation 3) view 4) response

20. Ankara, Known as Angora, is the second largest city in Turkey.

- 1) independently 2) respectfully 3) previously 4) extensively

21. If people donate more, it will be of great help for earthquake victims.

- 1) usually 2) generously 3) rarely 4) selfishly

22. I'm sorry, Mary. I didn't the last point you made.

- 1) find 2) guess 3) think 4) get

23. Mr. Smith has a lot to the development of this association.

- 1) suggested 2) sacrificed 3) performed 4) contributed

24. It has been found out that wheels were used in societies nearly six thousand years ago.

- 2) ancient 2) arrogant 3) grateful 4) inventive

25. Due to its cold climate, there is little farming in this area.

- 1) relatively 2) vigorously 3) enormously 4) miserably

Section Two: Structure Part One

1. Do you know does it take to learn English perfectly?

- 1) how fast 2) how long 3) how soon 4) how short

2. Unless you where you are going soon, you won't be able to get a ticket.

- 1) decided 2) will decide 3) have decided 4) decide

3. Girl tend to make careless mistakes because they are more careful.

- 1) fewer 2) more 3) less 4) many

4. She will refuse to move house she is offered a more comfortable place.

- 1) because 2) perhaps 3) since 4) even if

5. In no way be held responsible for customers' lost property.

- 1) shopping should 2) the shop can 3) can the shop 4) should shopping

6. John had the mechanic his car yesterday.

- 1) repairs 2) repaired 3) to repair 4) repair

7. European expert was invited to speak to the committee.

- 1) A 2) An 3) Yet 4) Other

8. John had an unpleasant experience he was in Turkey.

1) while 2) for 3) because 4) but

9. The committee rejected the proposal they did not think it was practical.

1) if 2) because 3) thus 4) or

10. I will see you at the meeting next week it is cancelled before then.

1) besides 2) maybe 3) unless 4) whether

11. This time tomorrow, I a very important meeting.

1) would attend 2) could have attended
3) will be attending 4) have been attending

12. John could not find a taxi, so I offered him to the station.

1) to drive 2) driving 3) to have driven 4) drove

13. Mary asked me open the windows for me.

1) whether should she 2) could she
3) did I want her to 4) whether she should

14. Mary was cleaning her room, to music, and was talking to her friend on the phone.

1) had listened 2) listened 3) was listening 4) had been listening

15. Since they us they were coming, we didn't have any food for them.

1) hadn't told 2) haven't told 3) don't tell 4) didn't use to tell

16. By the time the plane after a four-hour delay, everyone waiting to meet passengers was very tired.

- 1) has landed 2) landed 3) is landing 4) would have landed

17. From what he had written in his letter, I thought that he in Shiraz until next year.

- 1) had lived 2) would be living 3) lived 4) has been living

18. I don't know what happened to my suitcase, but I suppose it

- 1) was stealing 2) must have stolen
3) has been stealing 4) might have been stolen

19. I was going to go to the movies last night, but suddenly I that I had a composition to write for tomorrow morning.

- 1) must have realized 2) have realized 3) realized 4) should be realized

20.

- 1) John said that he will come tomorrow.
- 2) I made it myself.
- 3) What are you doing here?
- 4) This room is very noisy.

21.

- 1) Did you do your homework?
- 2) John has two sisters.
- 3) My brother is out of town.
- 4) Why you were absent last Tuesday?

22.

- 1) John worked hard to support his brother.
- 2) Although he was early, but he missed the bus.
- 3) You have to study harder to get better grades.
- 4) We stopped there for the night.

23.

- 1) I was reading a book when the telephone rang.
- 2) Is Mary writing the letter now?
- 3) Learning English was easy for Maryam.
- 4) The man whom I know him is a teacher.

24.

- 1) I will surely come to visit you.
- 2) He speaks English with an Indian accent.
- 3) Kerman is smaller from Shiraz.
- 4) I am very pleased to see you.

25.

- 1) The horses are strong animals.
- 2) John didn't bring me the book.
- 3) Don't forget to write me a letter.
- 4) Is John going to stay with us tonight?

26.

- 1) My brother goes to the school.
- 2) John is the best student in my class.
- 3) Did Mary come home for lunch?
- 4) That computer is expensive.

27.

- 1) This pen isn't like mine.
- 2) I have read an interested story.
- 3) Does John always work at home?
- 4) The baby is hungry.

28.

- 1) John felt sick after lunch.
- 2) I wish I had studied more for the exam.
- 3) She is used to get up early.
- 4) Mary sold her car to my brother.

Passage

When another old cave is discovered in the south of France, it is an ordinary event. Such discoveries are so frequent these days that hardly anybody **pays heed to** them. However, when the Lascaux cave complex was discovered in 1940, the world was amazed. Painted directly on its walls were hundreds of scenes showing how people lived thousands of years ago. The scenes show people were hunting animals, such as lion and other wild cats. Other images **depict** birds and, most noticeably, horses, which appear in more than 300 wall images, by far outnumbering all other animals. Early artists drawing these animal accomplished a great and difficult task. **They** did not limit themselves to the easily available walls but carried their painting materials to spaces that required climbing steep walls or crawling into narrow passages in the Lascaux complex. Unfortunately, the paintings have been exposed to the destructive action of water and temperature changes, which easily wear the images away. Because the

Lascaux caves have many entrances, air movement has also damaged the images inside. Although they are not out in the open air, where natural light would have destroyed them long ago, many of the images have deteriorated and are barely recognizable. To prevent further damage, the site was closed to tourists in 1963, twenty-three years after it was discovered.

1. Based on the passage, what is probably true about the south of France?

- 1) It has attracted many famous artists.
- 2) It is home to rare animals.
- 3) It is known for horse-racing events.
- 4) It has a large number of caves.

2. According to the passage, which animals appear most often on the cave walls?

- 1) horses 2) lions 3) birds 4) wild cats

3. In Line 6, "depict" is closest in meaning to

- 1) make 2) hunt 3) show 4) draw

4. Why was painting inside the Lascaux complex a difficult task?

- 1) The caves were full of wild animals.

2) Many painting spaces were difficult to reach.

3) Painting materials were hard to find.

4) It was completely dark inside.

5. In Line 8, "They" refers to

1) animals

2) walls

3) artists

4) spaces

6. According to the passage, all of the following have caused damage to the paintings EXCEPT

1) air movement

2) light

3) water

4) temperature changes

7. What does the passage say happened at the Lascaux caves in 1963?

1) A new entrance was created.

2) A new lighting system was installed.

3) Another part was discovered.

4) Visitors were prohibited from entering.

8. According to the passage, the caves were closed

1) to discover caves with drawings of other animals.

2) to avoid more damage to the paintings.

3) to amaze people in France.

4) to expose the paintings to water and climate changes.

9. Which title best summarizes the main idea of the passage?

- 1) Wild Animals in Art
- 2) Exploring Caves
- 3) Determining the Age of French Caves
- 4) Hidden Prehistoric Paintings

10. In Line 2, "pays heed to" is closest in meaning to

- 1) notices
- 2) discovers
- 3) manages
- 4) amazes

Cloze Passage

Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with the most appropriate choice.

John Smith is a salesman. He goes from door to door selling vacuum cleaners. On his first day of work, he decided to sell his product by ...(1)... the door of a house.

"My first customer," John thought as he ...(2)... the doorbell of the first house. A middle ...(3)... woman opened the door.

John began to ...(4)... who he was, and the product he was selling. The next minute, the door was slammed shut.

"Not interested!" John heard the woman's shout ...(5)... the closed door. She refused to open the door despite John's persistent knocking.

John was given a similar ...(6)... of treatment from the next few houses. Feeling rather discouraged, he rang the doorbell of the ninth household. This time, the

...(7)... of the house let him in. They also showed interest in his ...(8)... Encouraged by this, John began to explain the ...(9)... of the vacuum cleaner. When the family ...(10)... him for a demonstration, he vacuumed the whole place for them. After the demonstration, the family, ...(11)..., did not buy his product. Instead, they, politely but ...(12)..., told him that they would give him a call if they wanted ...(13)... a vacuum cleaner later. The family.....(14)..... called him up. John suspected that they had not been really interested in his product.(15)..... they had wanted was John's free service of cleaning their entire living room.

1. 1) hitting 2) banging over 3) knocking on 4) pulling up
2. 1) has pressed 2) pressed 3) pressing 4) would press
3. 1) ages 2) aged 3) age 4) aging
4. 1) explain 2) show 3) prove 4) speak
5. 1) because of 2) after 3) due to 4) behind
6. 1) approach 2) attitude 3) pleasant 4) kind
7. 1) family 2) occupants 3) person 4) residence
8. 1) personality 2) persistence 3) product 4) eagerness
9. 1) manners 2) behavior 3) qualities 4) performance
10. 1) begged 2) proposed 3) interested 4) asked
11. 1) in other words 2) besides 3) however 4) therefore
12. 1) happily 2) firmly 3) friendly 4) orderly
13. 1) to buy 2) to exchange 3) to rent 4) to trade
14. 1) should have 2) has 3) right away 4) never
15. 1) Which 2) When 3) That 4) What